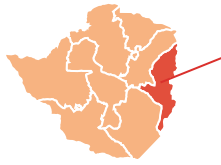




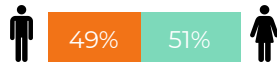
COFFEE FARMERS AND COVID-19 IN ZIMBABWE

Survey round 1 | 3-10 July 2020

Coffee farming households in Zimbabwe



189 households surveyed

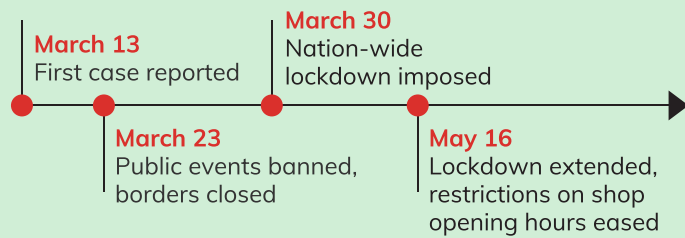


1 in 2 households include a member aged **60+**



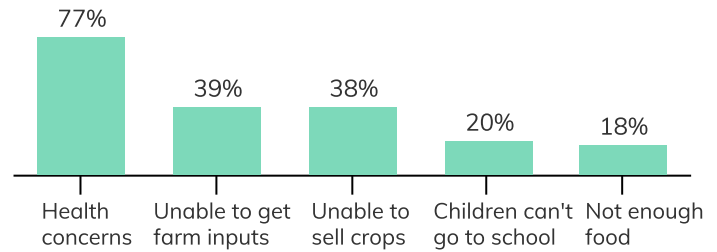
71% of households have children who were attending school prior to school closures

COVID-19 timeline



COVID-19 knowledge and concerns

Farmers' top COVID-19 concerns:



1 in 4

farmers are **not aware** that COVID-19 can be spread by someone who does not experience visible symptoms



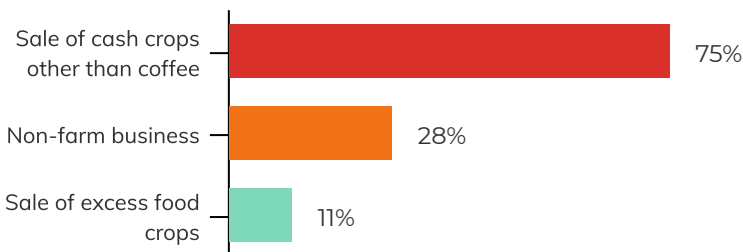
1 in 3

households in Mutare, Chimanimani and Chipinge districts do not have access to a health care facility within 1 hour travel time

How have coffee farming households been affected so far?

85%

of households have **lost income as a result of COVID-19** since the outbreak began. Top sources of income loss:



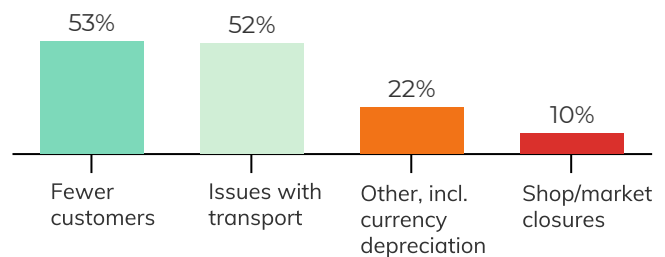
1 in 8

households report going to bed hungry at night due to lack of food



74%

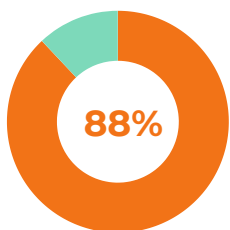
of households report challenges selling crops in the 7 days preceding the survey. Key reasons:



Restrictions on movement and loss of income from a range of sources affect farmers' ability to buy inputs for their coffee farms

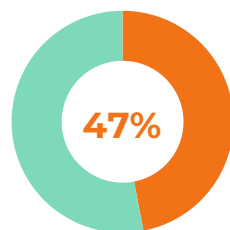
How do households view their financial situation?

Compared to one year ago...



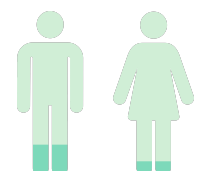
of farmers believe they are **worse off financially**

When asked about their financial well-being in a year's time...



of farmers believe they will be **worse off** than they are now

Access to emergency finance is low, especially for women



19% of men and **13%** of women report they could raise emergency finance in the next month